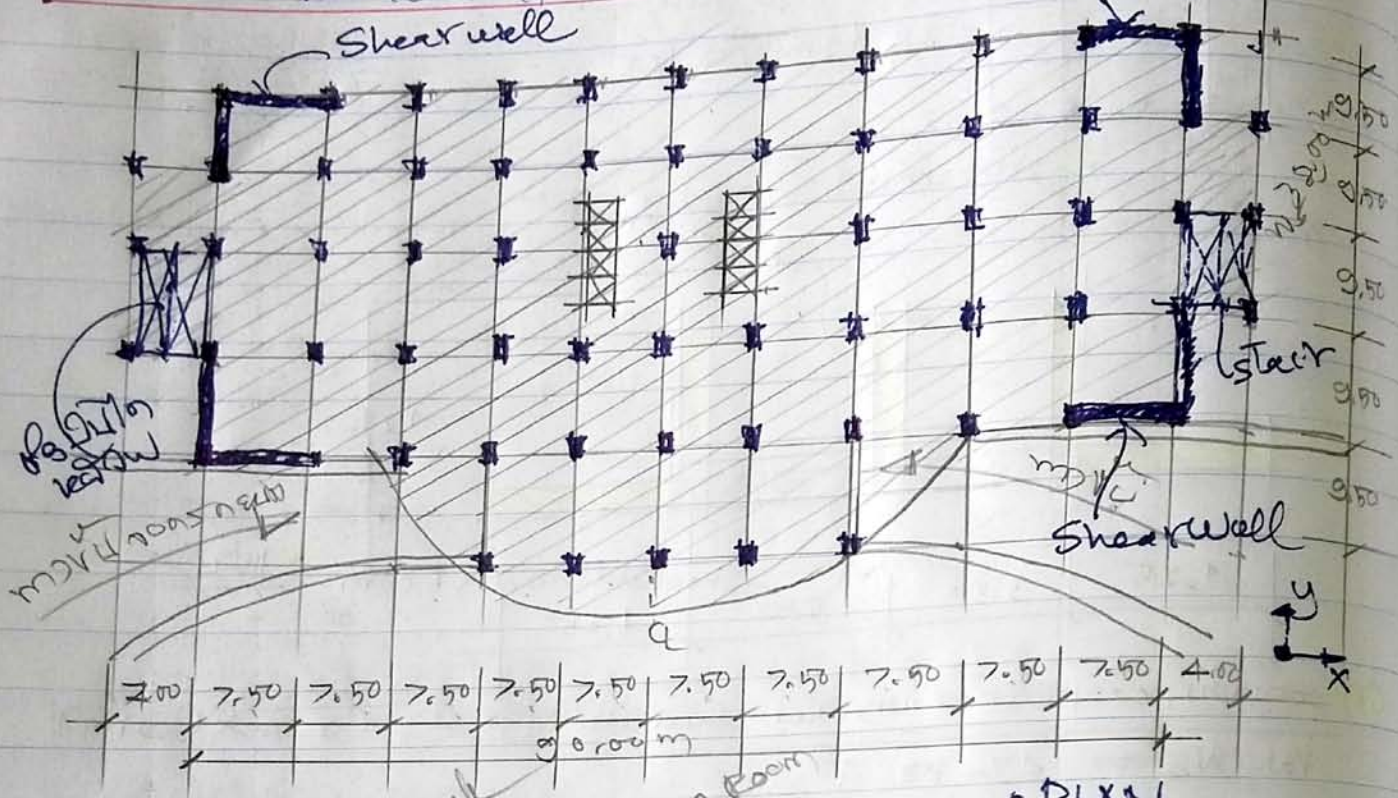


• CONCRETE DESIGN PROJECT (17)

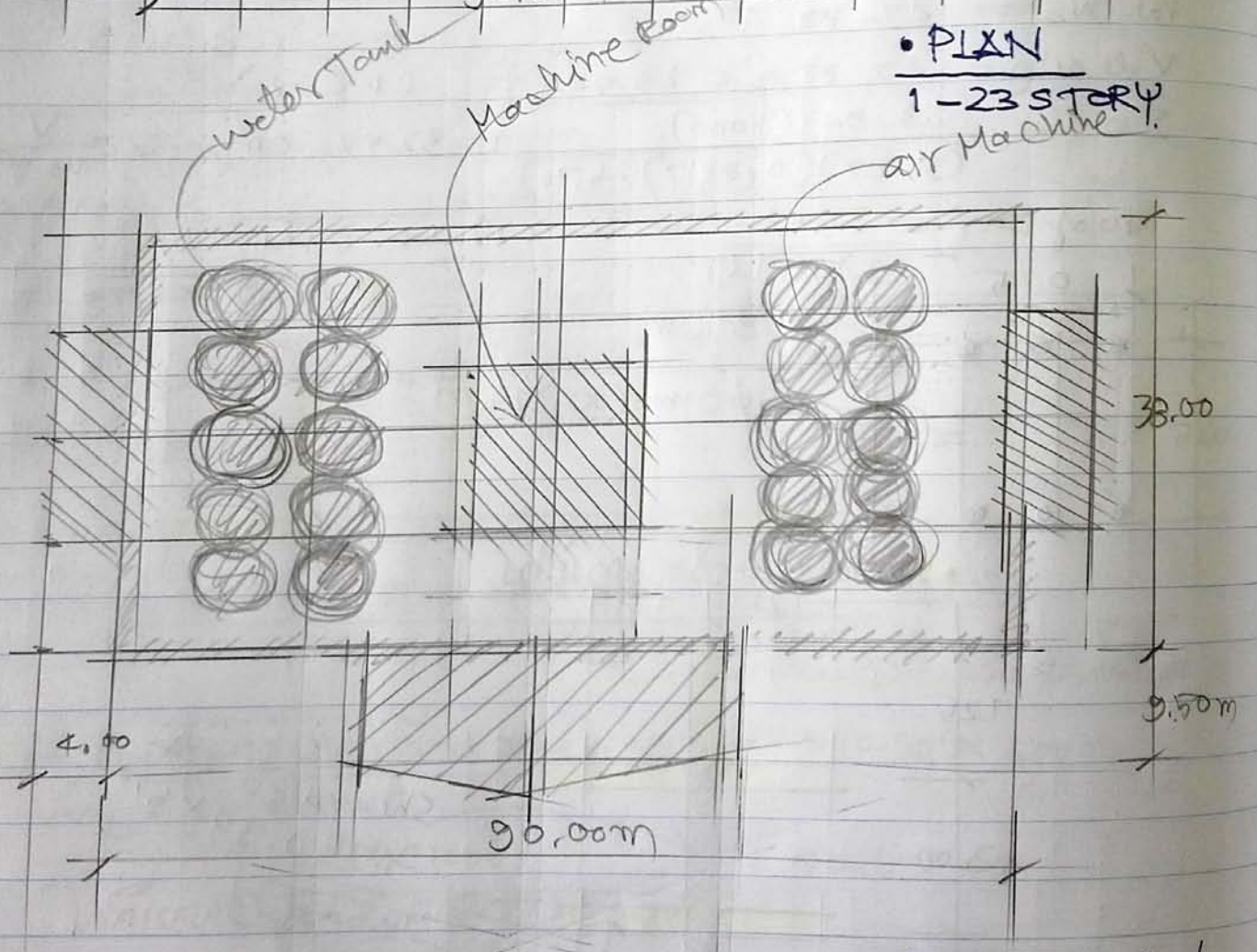
• 23 story (23 floors) + 24000 sq ft area



• PLAN

1-23 STORY

air Machine



• ROOF PLAN

Machine Room

Roof

Shear wall

Shear wall

1.20

Roof
23

22

21

20

19

18

17

16

15

14

23 @ 3.60

R = 8280

13

10

9

8

7

6

5

4

3

2

1

4.50

9.50

9.50

9.50

9.50

9.50

A

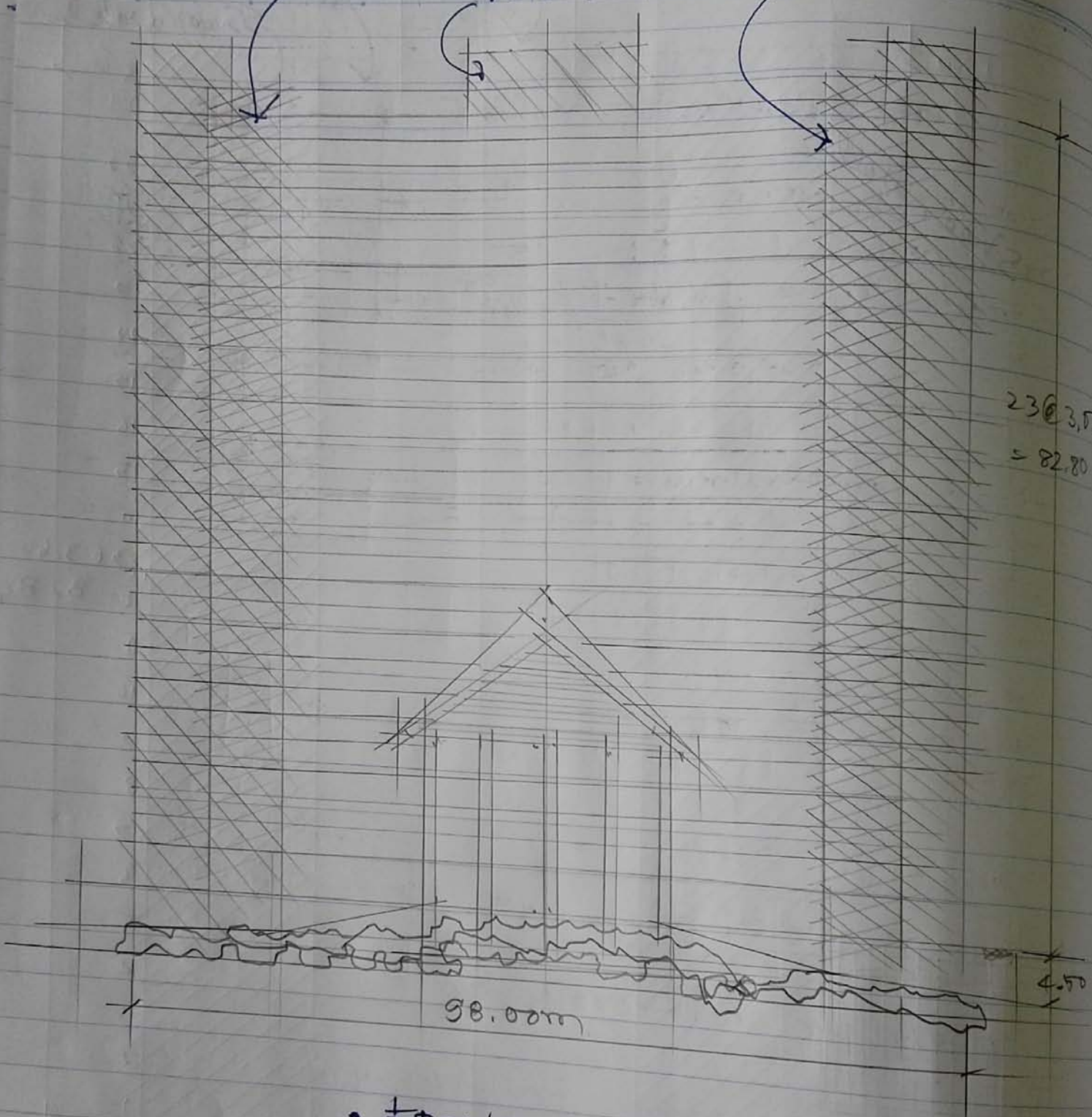
SECTION

• SIDE VIEW

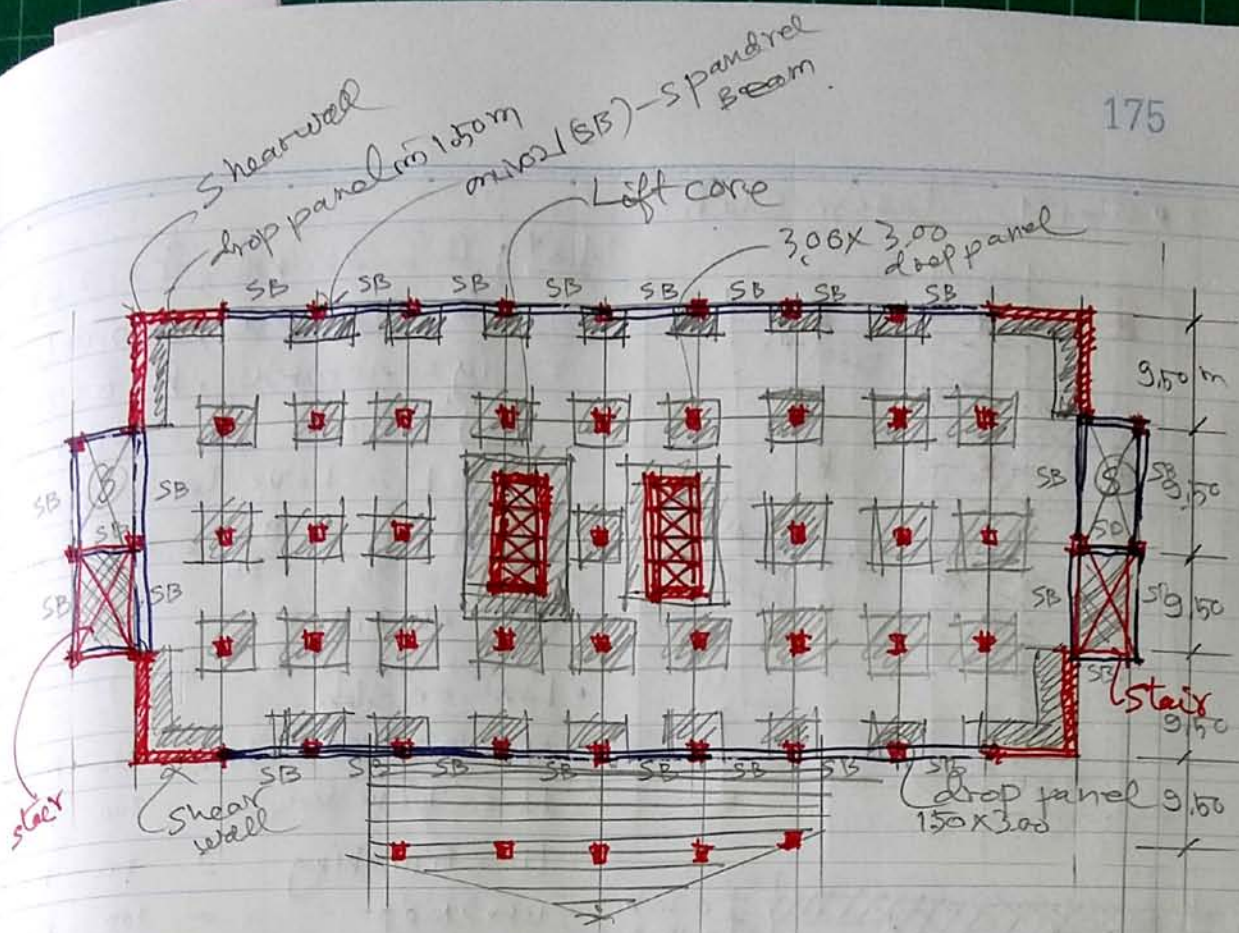
Shear wall

Machine room

Shear wall



• FRONT ELEVATION



• Drop panel plan, Lift core, stair spandrel beam and Shear wall

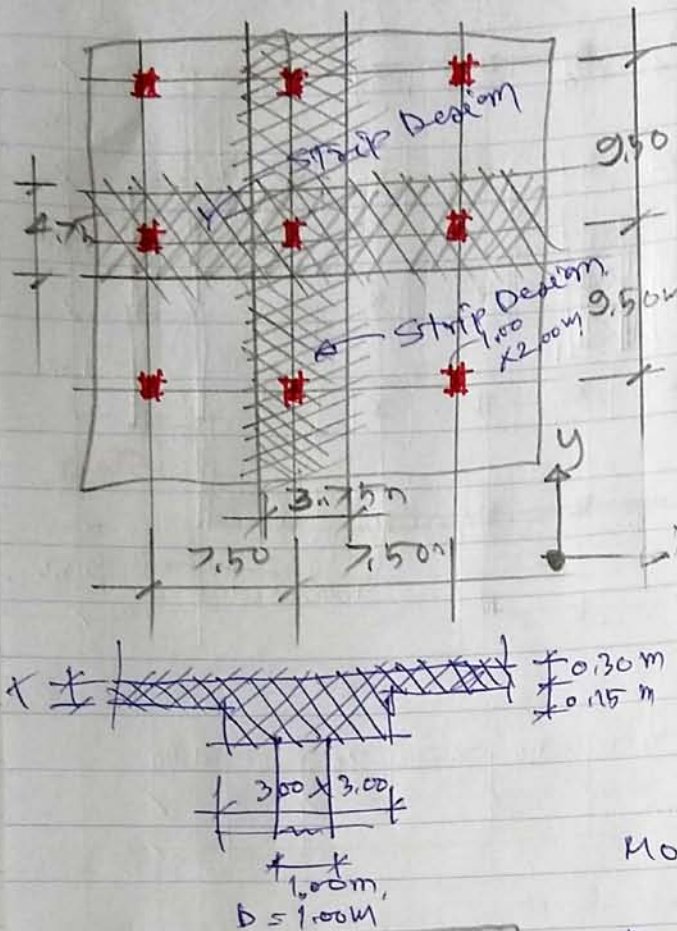
• Structural System

1. Flat slab with drop panel
2. Shear wall Resisting wind load
3. Mat foundation on pile
 - Bored pile $\phi 1.00\text{m} \times 40.00\text{m}$ safe load 400 T/pile
 - Spud pile $\phi 1.00 \times 30.00\text{m}$ safe load 300 T/pile

• Notes

1. 1.5m wide, 0.25m deep stair width 1.20 x 2.00 m of R4/12
2. R4/13 - width on note 1.00 x 2.00 m
3. Shear wall note 0.40 m
4. Left core note 0.40 m
5. Flat slab thickness = $\frac{1}{30} = \frac{9.50}{30} = 0.316\text{m}$
6. Drop panel 0.25-0.50 T = 0.45 m \rightarrow
7. note drop = 0.30 L = 3.00 m x 3.00 m.

• Step 1 Design Slab



Let; $f_{ck} = 280 \text{ kN/m}^2$, $f_{yk} = 126 \text{ kN/m}^2$
 $f_{ck} = 1700 \text{ kN/m}^2$, $f_{yk} = 0.00139$
 $f_{yk} = 4000 \text{ kN/m}^2$, $K = 0.375$
 $\gamma_c = 0.875$, $R = 20.70 \text{ kN/m}^2$
 $\therefore L = \text{Live load} = 300 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $T_{\text{min}} = \frac{L}{36} = \frac{9.50}{36} = 0.263 \text{ m}$
 $\text{use } \Rightarrow 0.30 \text{ m}$

• Load on Slab

$DL = (0.30)(2400) = 720 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $LL = \text{Live load} = 300 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $FL = \text{Finishing} = 50 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $WB = \text{Water} = 100 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $IT = \text{IT} = 30 \text{ kg/m}^2$
 $\text{Total load} = 1200 \text{ kg/m}^2$

$M_0 = \frac{WL}{10} \left(1 - \frac{2D}{3}\right)^2$... y-y Axis

$D = 1.00 \text{ m}$, $W = 1200 \text{ kg/m}^2$, $L = 9.50 \text{ m}$

$M_0 = \frac{(1200)(9.50)}{10} \left[9.50 - \frac{2(1)}{3}\right]^2$

$= 88944.953 \text{ kg-m}$

• Strips Drop panel

$= (0.30)(9.50)$
 $= 2.85 \text{ m}$
 $= 3.00 \text{ m}$

• Column Strip

$\ominus M = (0.50)(88944.953) = 44472.476 \text{ kg-m}$

$\oplus M = (0.20)(88944.953) = 17788.991 \text{ kg-m}$

• Middle Strip

$\ominus M = (0.15)(88944.953) = 13341.742 \text{ kg-m}$

$\oplus M = (0.15)(88944.953) = 13341.742 \text{ kg-m}$

• Find slab thickness

$d_{\text{max}} = \sqrt{\frac{(44472.476)(100)}{(20.70)(375)}} = \sqrt{572.914} = 23.90 \text{ cm}$

Try $T = 30 \text{ cm}$; $d = 30 - 2.5 - \frac{1.6}{2} = 26.70 \text{ cm} > 23.90 \text{ cm}$
 $\therefore T = 30 \text{ cm}$ - o.k.

• Depth of Drop

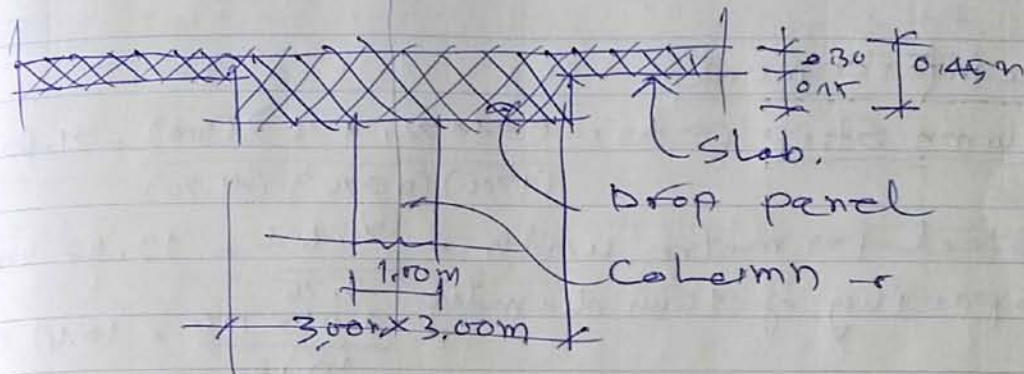
$$d_{\text{max}} = \sqrt{\frac{(44472.476)(100)}{(20.70)(300)}} = \sqrt{716.143} = 26.76 \text{ cm}$$

$$T = 26.76 + 2.50 + 1.6 = 30.86 \text{ cm}$$

$T = 25\% - 50\%$ of (ϕ) Thickness of Slab.

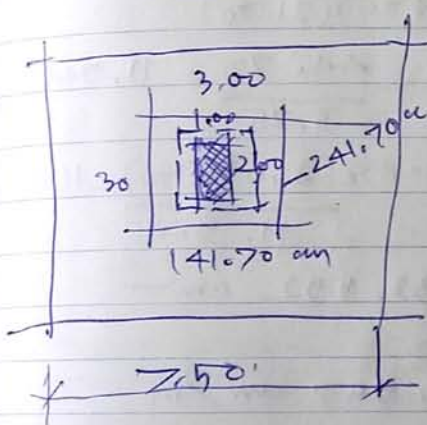
$$= (0.50)(T) = (0.50)(0.30) = 0.15 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Drop panel thickness} = 0.30 + 0.15 = 0.45 \text{ m}$$



• Check punching shear

(a) Critical section in drop



$$d = 45 - 2.5 - 1.6/2 = 41.70 \text{ cm}$$

$$b_0 = (2)(2.41.70) + (2)(1.41.70)$$

$$9.50 \text{ m} = 483.40 + 283.40$$

$$= 766.80 \text{ cm}$$

$$V = (7.50)(9.50)(1.020 \text{ MN/m}^2) + (3)(3)(0.846 \text{ MN/m}^2) - (2.267)(1.267) \times (1.56 \text{ MN/m}^2)$$

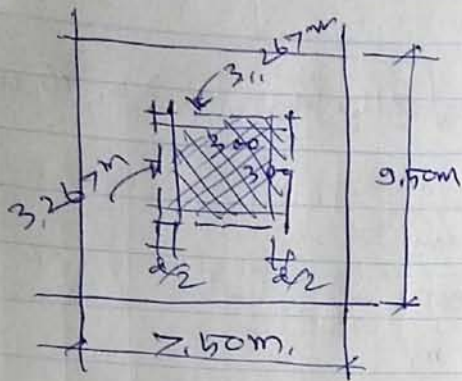
$$= 85.50 + 7.56 - 4.48$$

$$= 88.58 \text{ t}$$

$$V_c = \frac{(88.58)(1000)}{(766.80)(41.70)} = 2.770 \text{ ksc}$$

$$= 2.77 \text{ ksc (P.P68 ksc)}$$

$$\bullet V_c \text{ control} = 0.53\sqrt{280} = 8.868 \text{ ksc}$$

(b) Critical section in Slab

$$d = 26.70 \text{ cm}$$

$$b_o = (4) (3.267) = 13.068 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{Load; } V = [(7.50)(9.50) - (3.267)(1.20)]$$

$$= 72.692 \text{ T}$$

$$VC = \frac{(72.692)(1000)}{(13.068)(26.70)}$$

$$= 2.083 \text{ K\& (8.806 K\&)} \quad \text{ok}$$

• Reinforcement

$$\text{• Column Strip } \oplus A_s = \frac{(44472.476)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(4.70)} = 71.696 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{— Steel per metre width} = \frac{71.696}{3.75} = 19.118 \text{ cm/m}$$

$$\text{— Spacing of 16mm diameter} = \frac{2.01 \times 100}{19.18} = 10.51 \text{ cm}$$

$$\oplus A_s = \frac{(17788.991)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(26.70)} = 44.73 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{— Steel per metre width} = \frac{44.73}{3.75} = 11.944 \text{ cm/m}$$

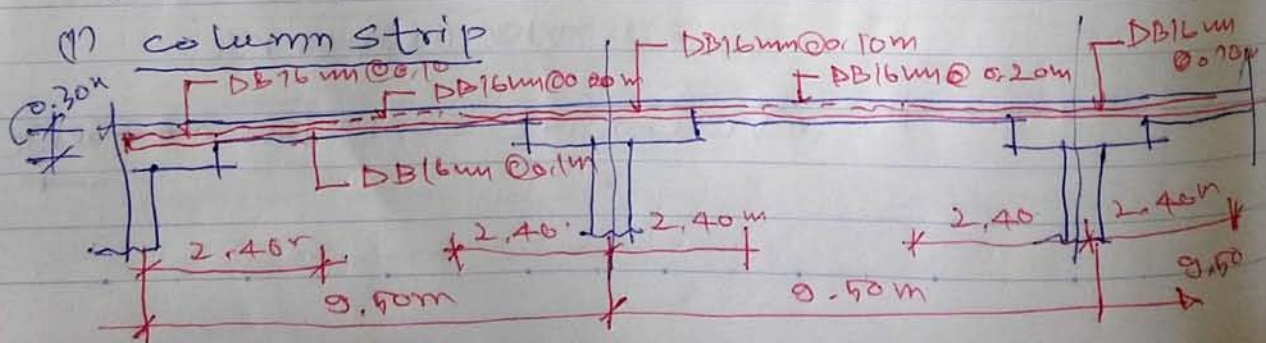
$$\text{— Spacing of 16mm diameter bar} = \frac{(2.01)(100)}{11.944} = 16.82 \text{ cm}$$

• Midslab

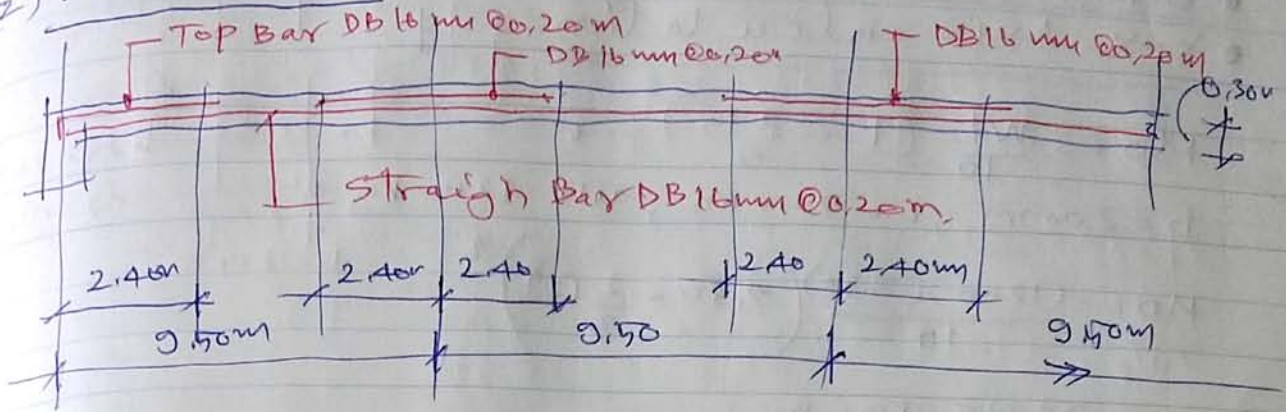
$$\oplus A_s = \frac{(13341.742)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(26.70)} = 33.592 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Steel/metre} = \frac{33.52}{3.75} = 8.957 \text{ cm/m}$$

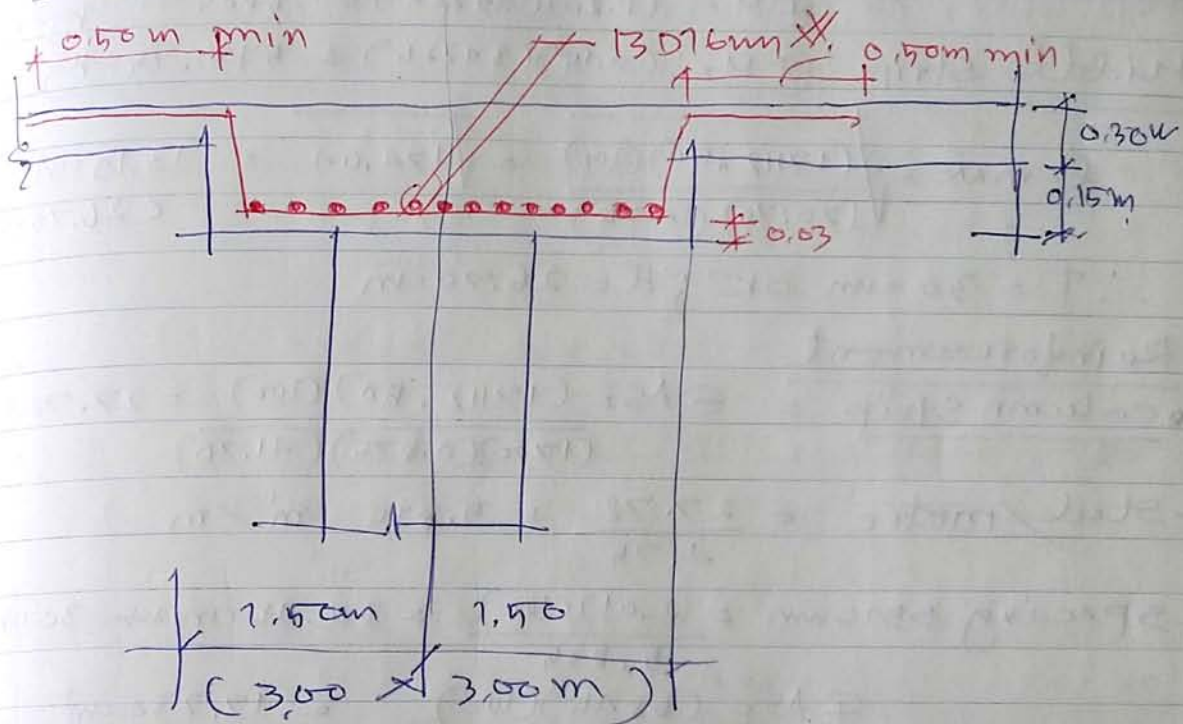
$$\text{Spacing DB16mm} = \frac{(2.01)(100)}{8.957} = 22.44 \text{ cm}$$

• Detail of Flat Slab (y-y Axis)

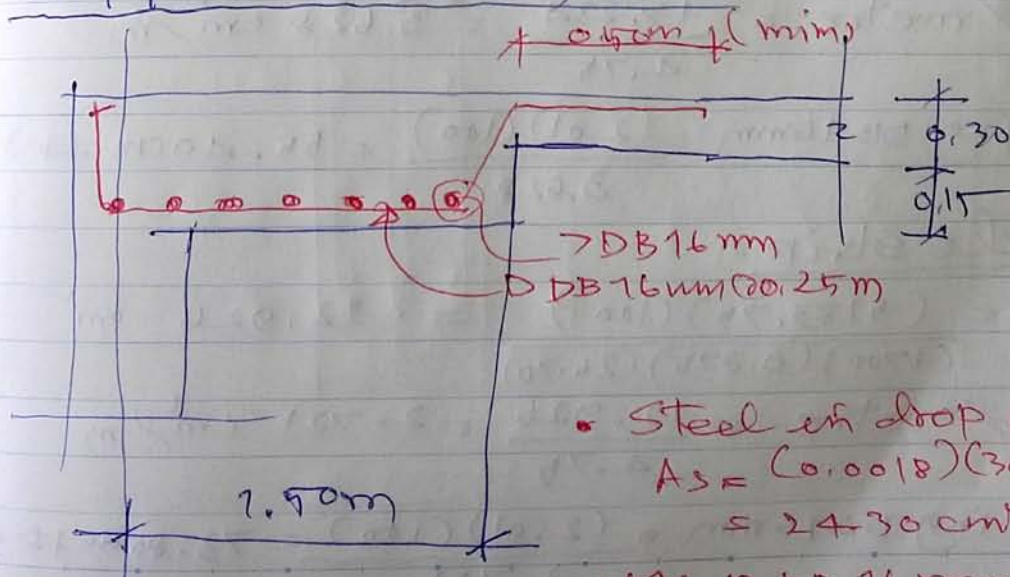
(2) Middle strip



(3) Drop panel



(4) Drop panel (corner) 1102121



- Steel in drop panel
 $A_s = (0.0018)(300)(45^2)$
 $= 2430 \text{ cm}^2$
- 57C 13 DB 16 mm

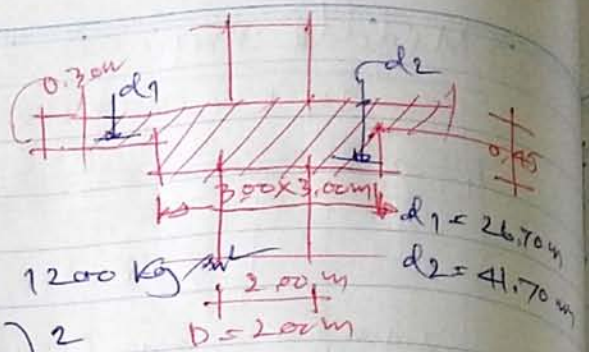
- Design Slab continuity
- X-X Axis calculation

$$M_0 = \frac{WL}{10} \left(L - \frac{2}{3}D \right)^2$$

$$D = 2.00 \text{ m}, L = 7.50 \text{ m}, W = 1200 \text{ kg}$$

$$M_0 = \frac{(1200)(7.50)}{10} \left(7.50 - \frac{2}{3}(2) \right)^2$$

$$= 34225 \text{ kg-m}$$



- Column Strip $\ominus M = (0.50)(34225) = 17112.50 \text{ kg-m}$
 $\oplus M = (0.20)(34225) = 6845 \text{ kg-m}$
- Middle Strip $\oplus M = (0.15)(34225) = 5133.75 \text{ kg-m}$

$$d_{\text{-max}} = \sqrt{\frac{(17112.50)(100)}{(20.70)(475)}} = \sqrt{174.04} = 13.19 \text{ cm} < 26.70 \text{ cm}$$

$\therefore T = 30 \text{ cm OK}; d = 26.70 \text{ cm}$

- Reinforcement

$$\text{column strip} = \ominus AS = \frac{(17112.50)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(41.70)} = 27.72 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{- steel/metre} = \frac{27.72}{4.75} = 5.835 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{- spacing } \text{DB } 16 \text{ mm} = \frac{(2.01)(100)}{5.835} = 34.45 \text{ cm} \# 30 \text{ cm}$$

$$\oplus AS = \frac{(6845)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(26.70)} = 17.234 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{- steel/metre} = \frac{17.234}{4.75} = 3.628 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

$$\text{- spacing } \text{DB } 16 \text{ mm} = \frac{(2.01)(100)}{3.628} = 55.40 \text{ cm} \# 30 \text{ cm}$$

- Middle Strip

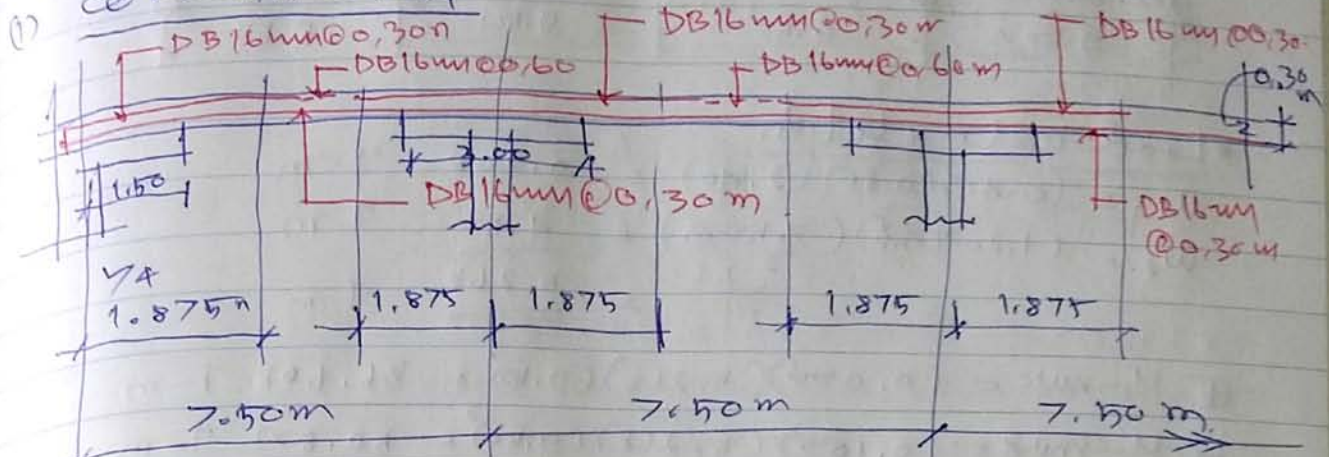
$$\oplus AS = \frac{(5133.75)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(26.70)} = 12.926 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{- steel/metre} = \frac{12.926}{4.75} = 2.721 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

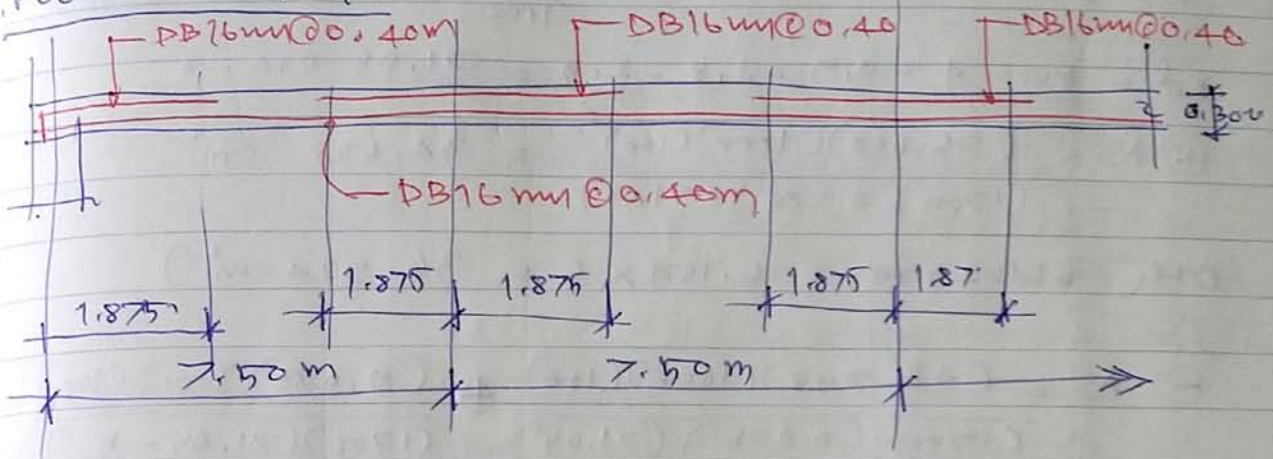
$$\text{- spacing } \text{DB } 16 \text{ mm} = \frac{(2.01)(100)}{2.721} = 73.86 \text{ cm} \# 40 \text{ cm}$$

Detail of Flat Slab (x-x Axis)

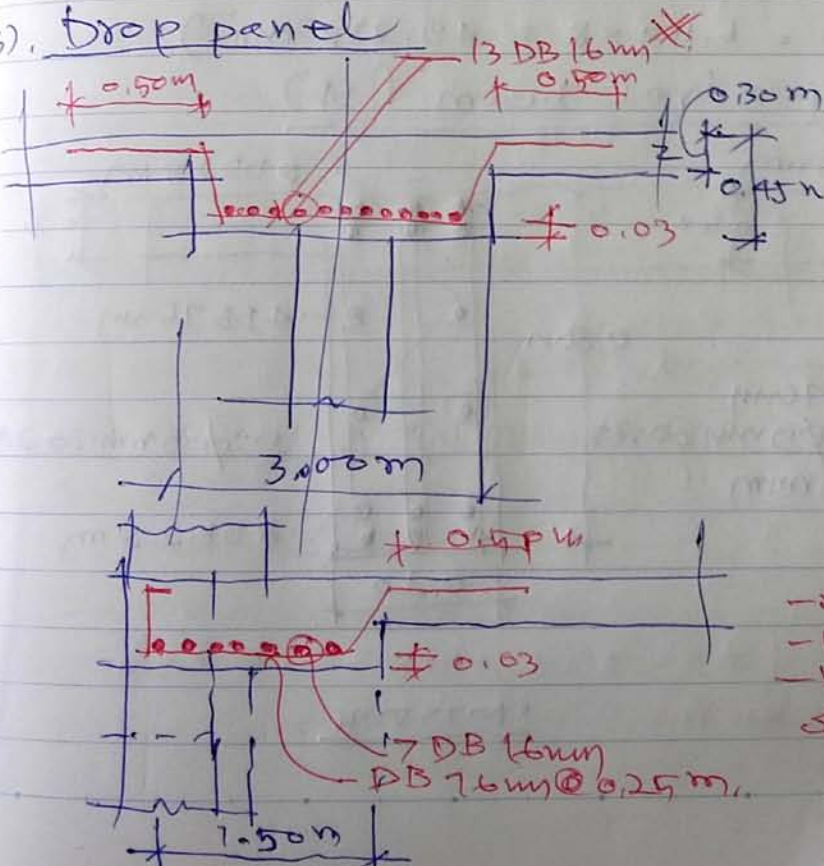
1) Column Strip



2) Middle Strip

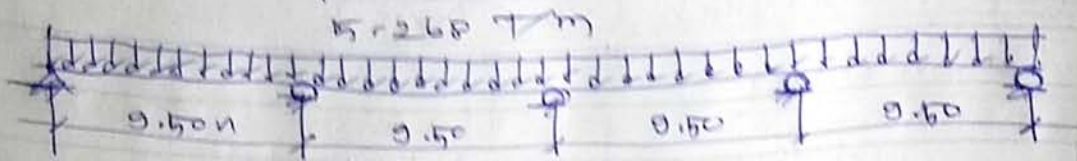


3) Drop panel



- 220mm
 - 110mm
 - For left & right shear wall

• Design Spandrel Beam (SB) (Ass Section 0.40×0.80)



• Load calculation

$$w_1 = (0.40)(0.80)(2.40) = 0.768 \text{ T/m}$$

$$w_2 = (1.20 \text{ T/m}^2) \left(\frac{7.15 \text{ m}}{2} \right) = 4.50 \text{ T/m}$$

$$\underline{\underline{5.268 \text{ T/m}}}$$

$$\oplus M_{-max} = (0.075)(5.268)(0.50)^2 = 36.608 \text{ T-m}$$

$$\ominus M_{-max} = (0.107)(5.268)(0.50)^2 = 50.871 \text{ T-m}$$

$$M_C = \frac{(20.70)(0.40)(71.05)^2}{1000} = 41.798 \text{ T-m}$$

$$\bullet d = 80 - 4 - 0.9 - 2.8 - \frac{2.5}{2} = 71.05 \text{ cm}$$

$$\oplus A_S = \frac{(36.608)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(71.05)} = 34.638 \text{ cm}^2$$

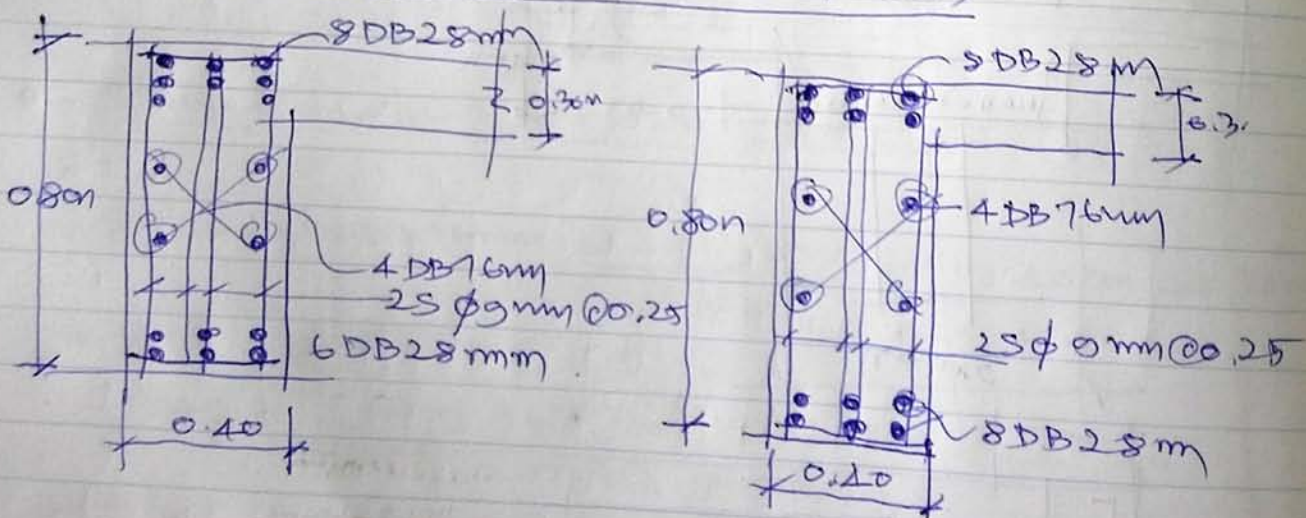
$$\text{Use } (6 \text{ DB } 28 \text{ mm} = 6.154 \times 6 = 36.924 \text{ cm}^2)$$

$$\ominus A_S = \frac{(41.798)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(71.05)} \oplus \frac{(9.073)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(71.05 - 5)}$$

$$= 30.297 + 8.08 = 38.377 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Use } (8 \text{ DB } 28 \text{ mm} = 6.154 \times 8 = 49.232 \text{ cm}^2)$$

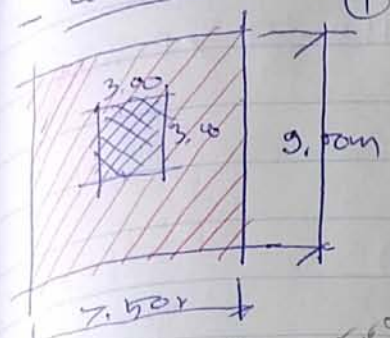
• Detail of Spandrel Beam (SB)



• 10/11

• 0.075 T/m

Step 2 Design column,
Load calculation



① $w_1 = (3)(3)(1.560 \text{ T/m}^2) = 14.04 \text{ T}$
 $w_2 = (62.25)(1.20 \text{ T/m}^2) = 74.70 \text{ T}$
 $\sum \text{load} = 88.74 \text{ T}$
 Tributary Area $(7.50 \times 9.50 \text{ m}^2)$

Drop $t = 0.20$
 $1200 - 720 + 1080 = 1560 \text{ Kg/m}^2$
 $= 1.56 \text{ T/m}^2 \text{ - bed}$

② $w_{DL} = (14.40)(10 \text{ m}^2) = 144.00 \text{ T}$
 $w_{LL} = (14.40 \text{ T/m}^2)(32) = 460.80 \text{ T}$
 $w_{DD} = (3724 \text{ m}^2 + 152 \text{ m}^2)(1.20 \text{ T/m}^2) = 5367.24 \text{ T}$

Slab
 $A = (7.5)(9.50) - 9 = 62.25 \text{ m}^2$
 $\text{Load} = 1200 \text{ Kg/m}^2$

①+②+③ Etad = 6101.64 T

∴ $w_{DL+LL+DD} = 24 \times 6101.64 = 146439.36 \text{ T}$
 (estimated load) 10:1 ratio
 ∴ $w_{DL+LL+DD} = 14643.936 \text{ T}$

- $w_{DL+LL+DD} = \frac{1}{2}(88.74) = 44.37 \text{ T} \rightarrow 45 \text{ T}$
- $w_{DL+LL+DD} = 88.74 \text{ T} = 90 \text{ T}$
- $PC = (0.2125)(280)(100)(200) / 1000 = 1190 \text{ T}$
- $PC = (0.2125)(280)(120)(200) / 1000 = 1428 \text{ T}$

①) $0.015 \text{ m}^2 \text{ } C_1 \rightarrow 1.00 \times 2.00 \text{ m}^2$; $1 \text{ m}^2 \text{ } 13 - \Phi 00 \text{ T}$

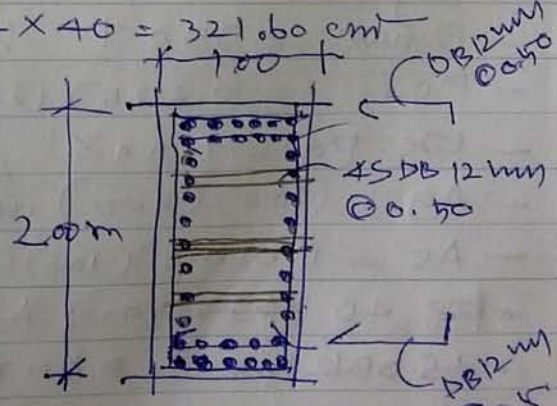
$P_{-max} = 270 \text{ T}$
 $PC = 1190 \text{ T} > P_{-max}$; Try $P_g = 1.56 \text{ T}$
 $P_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g}$; $A_s = (0.015)(100)(200) = 300 \text{ cm}^2$

• Use 40 DB 32 mm; $A_s = 8.04 \times 40 = 321.60 \text{ cm}^2$

• Code $1 \text{ m}^2 \text{ } 13 \text{ } \Phi 00 \text{ T}$, use DB 12 mm

$S = (16)(3.2) = 51.20 \text{ cm}$
 $S = (48)(1.20) = 57.60 \text{ cm}$
 $S = \text{min} = 100 \text{ cm}$

∴ Use 45 $\Phi 12 \text{ mm} @ 0.50 \text{ m}$



- 40 DB 32 mm
- Detail (C1) - 13 - Roof

• (2) Detail (1) - $\bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3} = \bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3}^{(1)}$; TTY Section 1.00 x 2.00 m

• $P_{-max} = 1080 \text{ T}$

$P_C = (0.2125)(280)(100)(200)/1000 = 1190 \text{ T} > P_{-max}$

TTY $P_g = 1.80\%$

$P_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g}$; $A_s = P_g \cdot A_g$
 $= (0.018)(100)(200)$
 $= 360 \text{ cm}^2$

• 46 DB 32mm; $A_s = 46 \times 8.04 = 369.84 \text{ cm}^2$

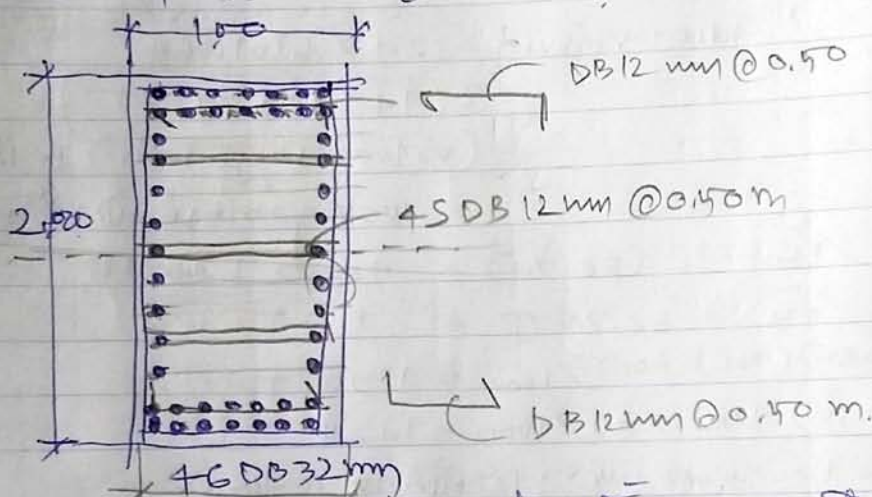
• Stirrup Spacing (DB 12mm stirrup)

- (16)(3.2) = 51.20 cm

- (48)(1.2) = 57.60 cm

- $\bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3} = 100 \text{ cm}$

• 4S DB 12mm @ 0.50 m



• Detail (1) - $\bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3} = \bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3}^{(1)}$ - 11/15/21

• Detail (2) - $\bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3} = \bar{\sigma}_{k,1.3}^{(2)}$ - 11/15/21 (root)

• TTY section 1.00 x 2.00 m

- $P_{-max} = 990 \text{ T}$; $A_g = 1.00 \times 2.00 \text{ m}^2$

- $P_C = (0.2125)(280)(100)(200)/1000 = 1190 \text{ T} > 990 \text{ T}$

- 4S $P_g = 1.50\%$; $P_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g}$

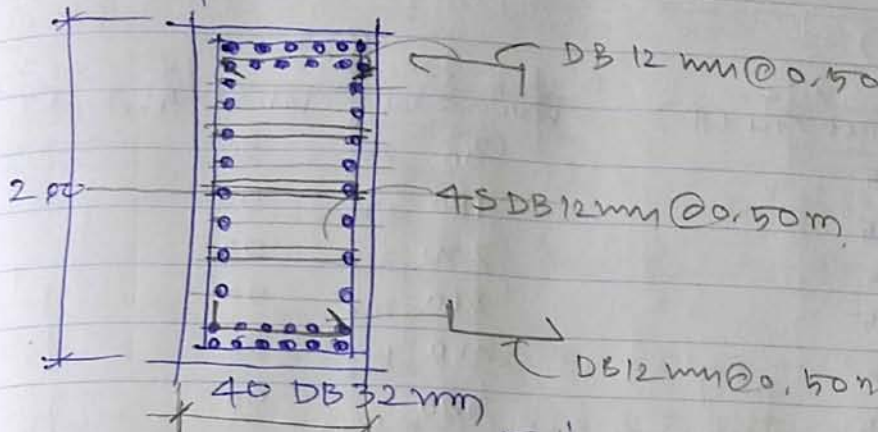
- $A_g = (100)(200) \text{ cm}^2$

- $A_s = (0.015)(100)(200) = 300 \text{ cm}^2$

• 40 DB 32mm; $A_s = 8.04 \times 40 = 321.60 \text{ cm}^2$

• 4S DB 12mm @ 0.50 m.

• Detail (C2) \times 1.00 \times



• Detail (C2) \times 1.3 - 1.85 m (Roof)

• continue (C2) \times 1.20 x 2.00 m (12) : Tray Section 1.20 x 2.00 m.

- $P_{max} = 2160$ T

- $P_c = (0.2125) (280) (120) (200) / 1000 = 1428$ T

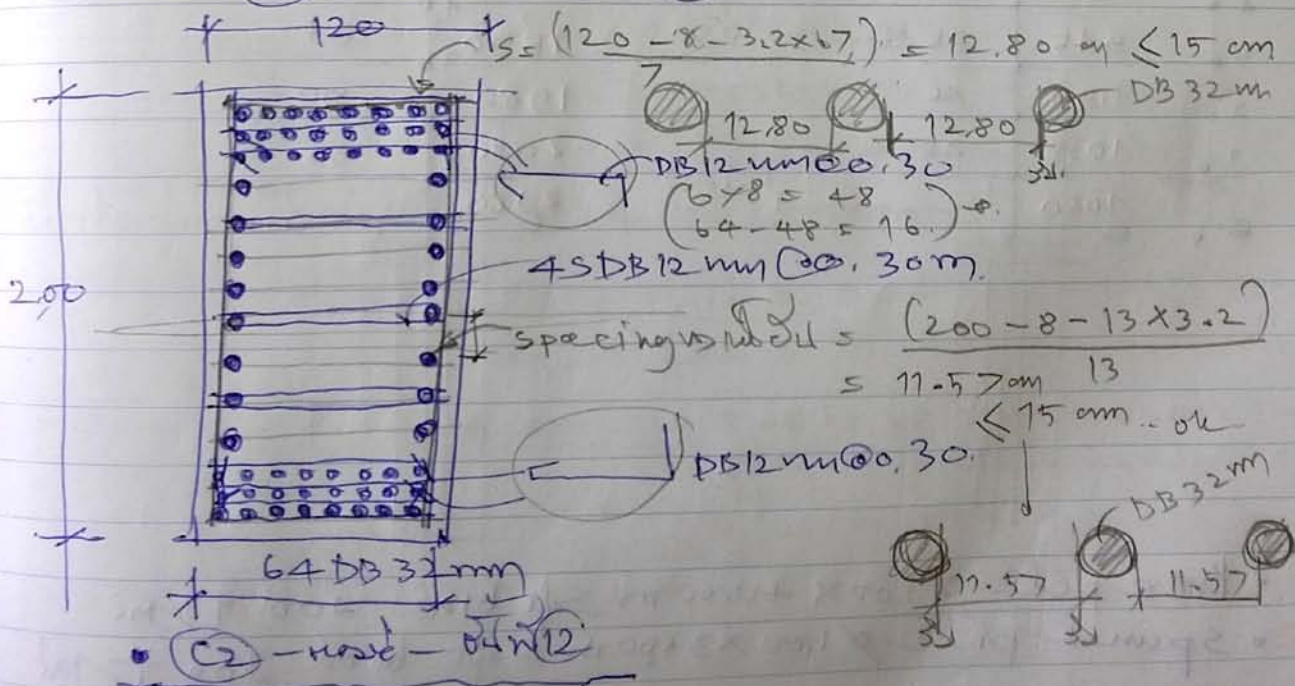
- $P_s = 2160 - 1428 = 732$ T

- $A_s = \frac{(732)(1000)}{(0.85)(1700)} = 506.57$ cm²

• use 64 DB 32 mm : $A_s = 514.56$ cm²

$\rho_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g} = \frac{514.56}{(120)(200)} = 0.021 < 0.04$ - - ok.

- Detail (C2) - \times 1.20 - \times 2.00 (12)

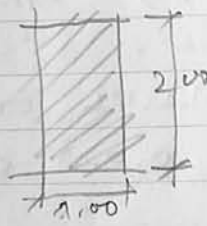
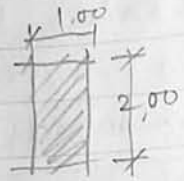


• (C2) - \times 1.20 - \times 2.00 (12)

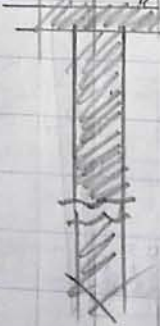
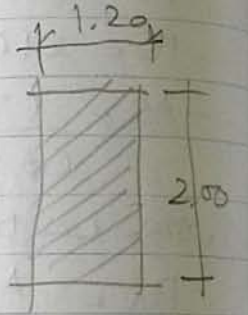
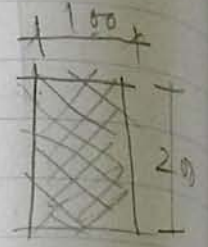
• Axial Load chart to column. c_1, c_2

(23 story)

Level	W.D. (T)	W.D. (CT)
Roof	45	45
23	90	45
22	135	45
21	180	45
20	225	45
19	270	45
18	315	45
17	360	45
16	405	45
15	450	45
14	495	45
13	540	45
12	585	45
11	630	45
10	675	45
9	720	45
8	765	45
7	810	45
6	855	45
5	900	45
4	945	45
3	990	45
2	1035	45
1	1080	45
0	1080	45



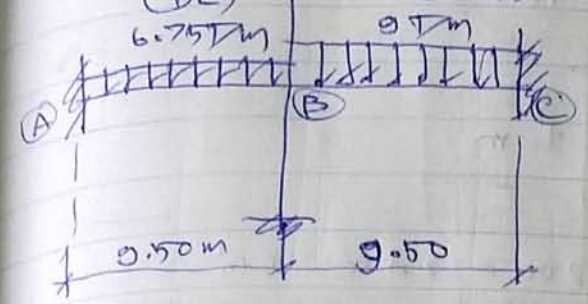
Level	W.D. (T)	W.D. (CT)
Roof	45	45
23	180	90
22	270	90
21	360	90
20	450	90
19	540	90
18	630	90
17	720	90
16	810	90
15	900	90
14	990	90
13	1080	90
12	1170	90
11	1260	90
10	1350	90
9	1440	90
8	1530	90
7	1620	90
6	1710	90
5	1800	90
4	1890	90
3	1980	90
2	2070	90
1	2160	90
0	2160	90



- Base pile $\phi 1.00 \times 10.00$ m safe load 400 T/m²
- Spund pile $\phi 1.00 \times 3.00$ m safe load 300 T/m²

(8 we 57)

1) gravity load



$$M_{AB} = -\frac{WL^2}{12} = -\frac{(6.75)(9.50)^2}{12} = -50.77 \text{ T-m}$$

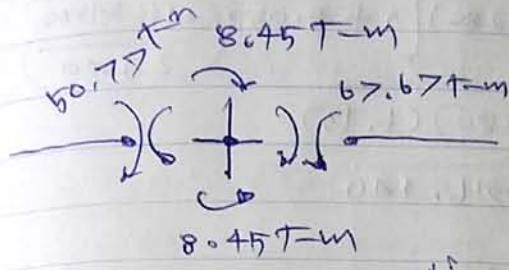
$$M_{BA} = +50.77 \text{ T-m}$$

$$M_{BC} = -\frac{(9)(9.50)^2}{12} = -67.67 \text{ T-m}$$

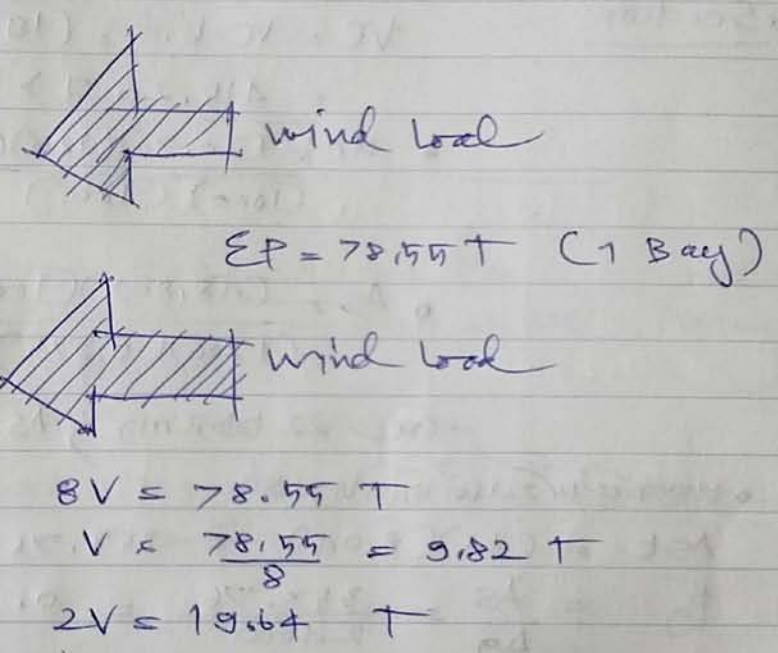
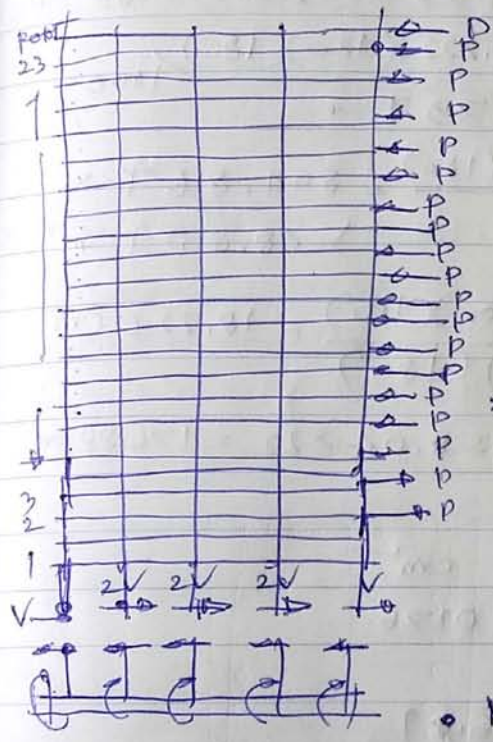
$$M_{CB} = +67.67 \text{ T-m}$$

$$M = \frac{(67.67 - 50.77)}{2} = 8.45 \text{ T-m}$$

(5m) w-sh

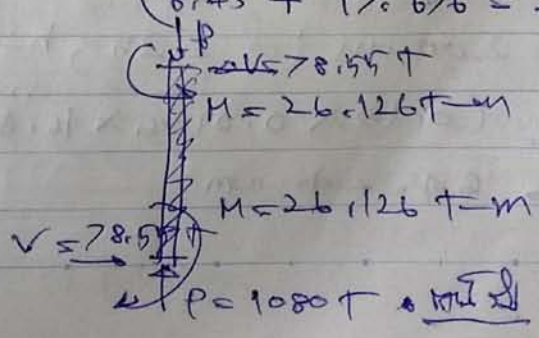
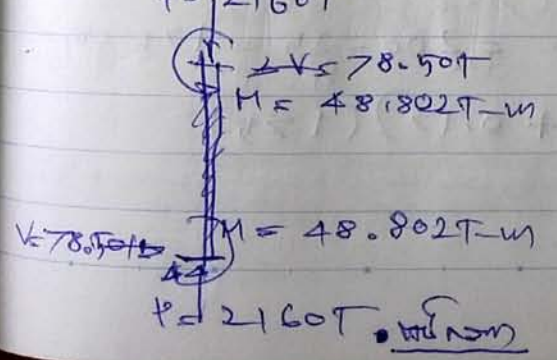


2) Wind Load



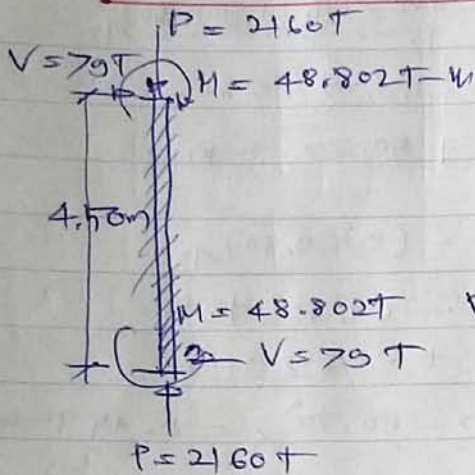
- Min moment = $9.82 \times 1.8 = 17.676 \text{ T-m}$
- Max moment = $19.64 \times 1.8 = 35.352 \text{ T-m}$

3) gravity load



$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 8.45 + 35.352 = 43.802 \text{ T-m} \\ 8.45 + 17.676 = 26.126 \text{ T-m} \end{pmatrix}$$

- Horizontal member (1m) to be fixed to the wall (C2) at 100mm
- Vertical member (1m) to be fixed to the wall (C2) at 100mm



$$P = 2160 \text{ T}$$

$$M = 48.802 \text{ T-m}$$

$$V = 79 \text{ T}$$

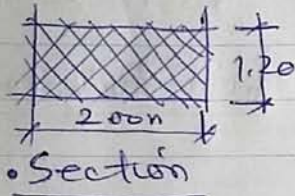
$$A_g = 120 \times 200 = 24000 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$V_C = 0.464 \sqrt{(280) \left[1 + 0.057 \left(\frac{2160 \times 1000}{24000} \right) \right]}$$

$$= 0.464 \sqrt{(280) (6.13)}$$

$$= 0.464 \sqrt{1716.40}$$

$$= 19.222 \text{ Ksc}$$



- Development length; $d = (0.90)(200) = 180 \text{ cm}$

$$V_C = V_C \cdot b \cdot d = (19.222)(120)(180) \nearrow 1000$$

$$= 415.20 \text{ T} > 79 \text{ T}$$

- $M_C = \frac{(20.70)(120)(180)}{(1000)(100)} = 804.816 \text{ T-m}$
 $> 48.802 \text{ T-m}$

- $A_S = \frac{(48.802)(1000)(180)}{(1700)(0.875)(180)} = 18.226 \text{ cm}^2$

$$\text{Use } 22 \text{ D} \varnothing 22 \text{ mm}; A_S = 8.04 \times 22 = 176.88 \text{ cm}^2$$

- Use 22 D 22 mm

$$A_{SE} = (44)(8.04) = 353.76 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\rho_g = \frac{A_S}{A_g} = \frac{353.76}{24000} = 0.0176$$

$$m = \frac{f_y}{0.85 f_c} = \frac{4000}{(0.85)(280)} = 16.81$$

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{12} = \frac{(120)(200)^3}{12} = 80 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$h = 200 \text{ cm}; d = 25; h - d = 200 - 25 = 175 \text{ cm}$$

$$e_b = (0.67 \times 0.0176 \times 16.81 + 0.17)(175)$$

$$= 64.44 \text{ cm}$$

$$e_{os} = \frac{M}{P} = \frac{(48.802)(100)}{2160} = 2.259 \text{ cm} < 64.44 \text{ cm}$$

• as in the case of horizontal section by the following condition

$$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{F_b} \leq 1 \quad \text{--- ok}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_a &= (0.34)(1 + P_g \cdot m) f_e \\ &= (0.34)(1 + 0.0176 \times 16.81)(280) \\ &= 123.365 \text{ Ksc} \end{aligned}$$

$$f_e = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{(2160)(1000)}{24000} = 90 \text{ Ksc}$$

$$F_b = (0.45)(f_e) = (0.45)(280) = 126 \text{ Ksc}$$

$$f_b = \frac{MC}{I} = \frac{(44.802)(1000)(100)(100)}{80 \times 10^6} = 6.11 \text{ Ksc}$$

• in the case of the section

$$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{F_b} = \frac{90}{123.40} + \frac{6.11}{126} = 0.729 + 0.048$$

$$= 0.78 < 1.00 \quad \text{--- ok.}$$

• Detailing

$$V_{\text{steel}} = (0.0015)(100)(120) = 18 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

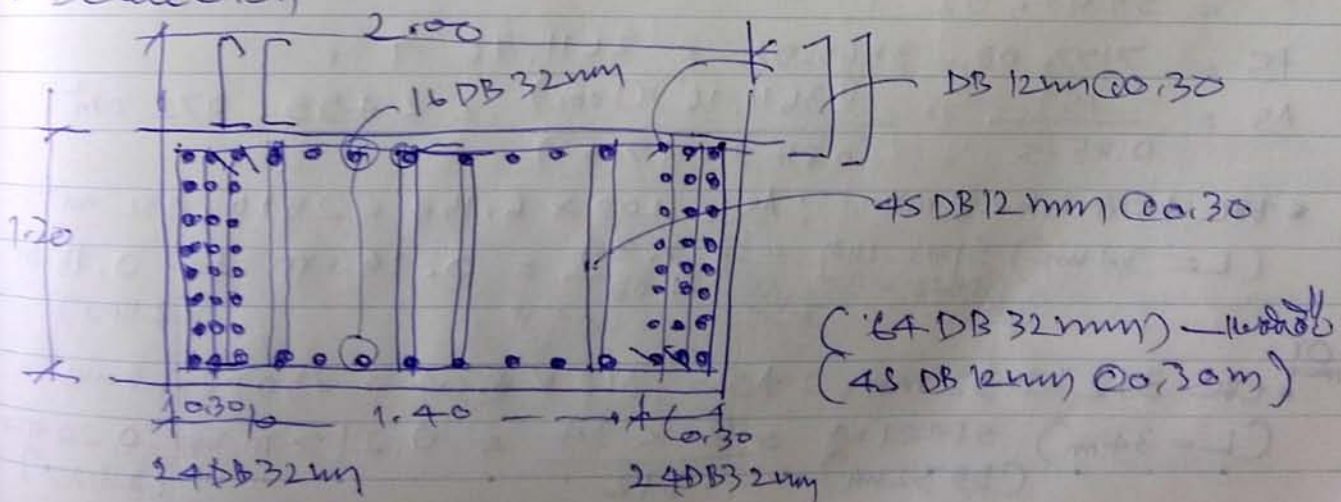
$$\text{DB32 spacing} = \frac{8.04 \text{ cm}^2}{18 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.44 \text{ m} \Rightarrow \text{use } 15 \text{ cm}$$

$$H_{\text{steel}} = (0.0025)(100)(120) = 30 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$$

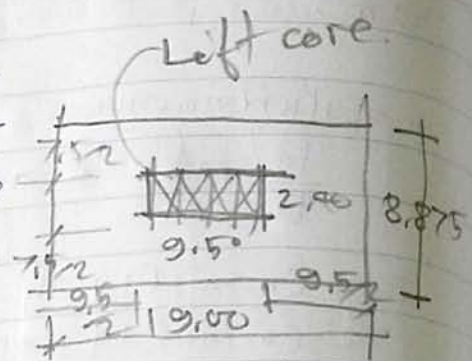
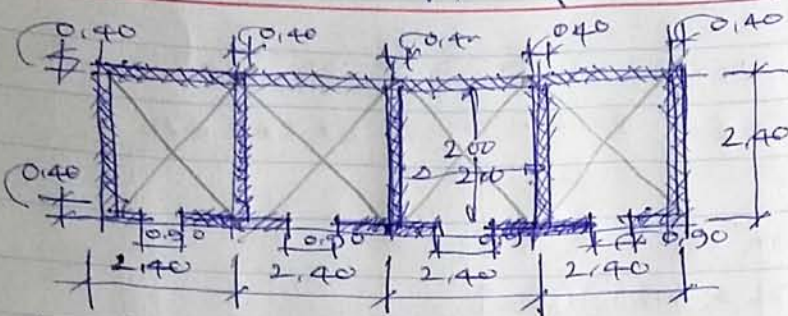
$$\text{DB12 mm spacing} = \frac{8 \times 1.1304 \text{ cm}^2}{30 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.301 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 0.30 \text{ m}$$

(4S-DB12mm = 8V)

• Detailing



• Step ③ Design Left core



• Left core section

• Tributary Area

• Tributary Area : $A = (9.90)(19) - (9.50)(2.40)$

$$= 165.30 \text{ m}^2$$

• (Area m² into 230k) $\times \frac{W_1}{A}$

$$= (165.30 \text{ m}^2)(2.4)(1.20 \text{ T/m}^2)$$

$$= 4760.64 \text{ T} \rightarrow \text{--- } (W_1)$$

• Vol. Left core = $[(2.80 \times 4) + (10 \times 2) - (4 \times 0.90)] (0.40 \text{ m})$

$$\times L = 34 \text{ m} \times 2.40 \times 3.60 \times 230 \text{ k}$$

$$= (12.16 \text{ m}^3) (2.40 \times 3.60 \times 230 \text{ k})$$

$$= 2416.44 \text{ T} \rightarrow \text{--- } (W_2)$$

∴ Total Load = $W_1 + W_2 = 4760.64 + 2416.44$

$$= 7177.08 \text{ T} \rightarrow$$

• $f_c = 0.225 f_e \left[1 - \frac{h}{40t} \right]^3$; $h = 360 \text{ cm}$, $t = 40 \text{ cm}$

$$= (0.225)(2.80) \left[1 - \frac{360}{(40 \times 40)} \right]^3$$

$$= 29.325 \text{ Kse}$$

$$P_c = f_c \cdot A = (29.325) (12.16 \text{ m}^2) \frac{(100 \times 100)}{1000}$$

$$= 3565.92 \text{ T}$$

$$P_s = 7177.08 - 3565.92 = 3611.16 \text{ T} \rightarrow$$

$$A_s = \frac{P_s}{0.85 f_s} = \frac{(3611.16)(1000)}{(0.85)(1700)} = 2499.072 \text{ cm}^2$$

• Use 408 DB 28 mm : $A_s = 408 \times 6.157 = 2510.832 \text{ cm}^2$

(L = 34m) Spacing = $\frac{(2) \times 34}{\frac{2100}{408}} = 0.156 \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.15 \text{ m}$ (2110)

OR Use 312 DB 32 mm : $A_s = 312 \times 8.04 = 2508.48 \text{ cm}^2$

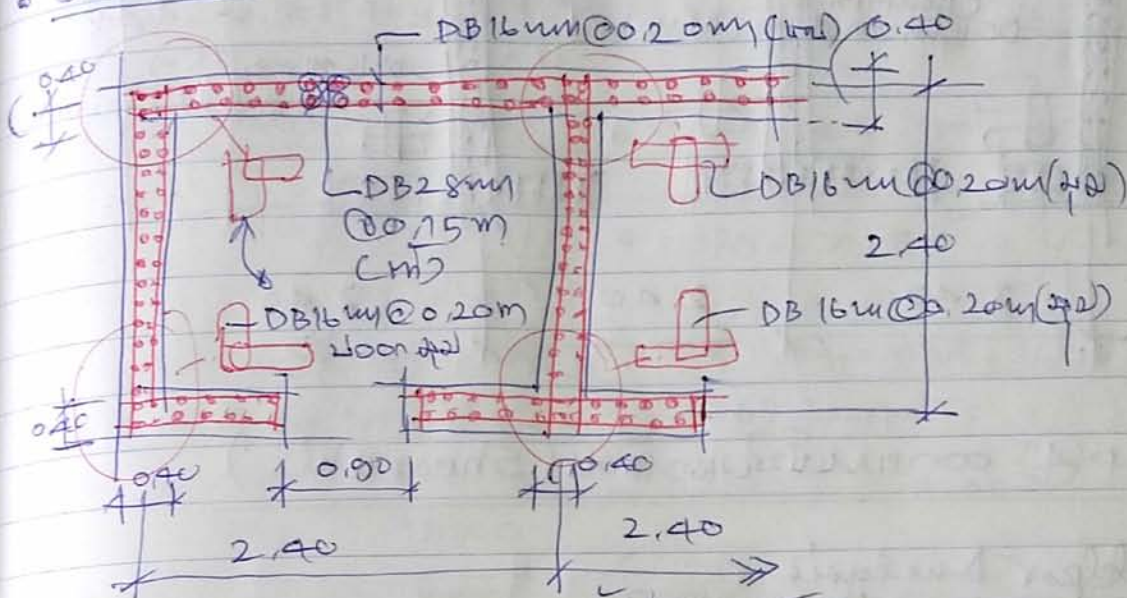
(L = 34m) Spacing = $\frac{(2) \times 34}{312} = 0.217 \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.20 \text{ m}$ (2110)

• CODE ; $A_{smin} = (0.0025)(100)(40) = 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} < \frac{2499.072}{34}$

• $A_{sb} = (0.0025)(100)(40) = 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m} = 73.50 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

[DB 16mm spacing = $\frac{2.01 \text{ cm}^2}{10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.201 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 0.20 \text{ m}$

• Detail Left core $\mu_{11} - \mu_{12}$ (12)



• Design Left core $\mu_{11} - \mu_{12}$ (10) m

$P_{max} = 2177.08/2 = 3588.54 \text{ TONS}$

$P_c = 3565.92 \text{ T}$

$P_s = 3588.54 - 3565.92 = 22.62 \text{ T}$

$A_s = \frac{(22.62)(1000)}{(0.85)(1700)} = 75.654 \text{ cm}^2/34\text{m}$

$A_{smin} = (0.0025)(100)(40) = 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

• Use DB 25mm spacing = $\frac{4.906 \text{ cm}^2}{10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.491 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 0.30 \text{ m}$

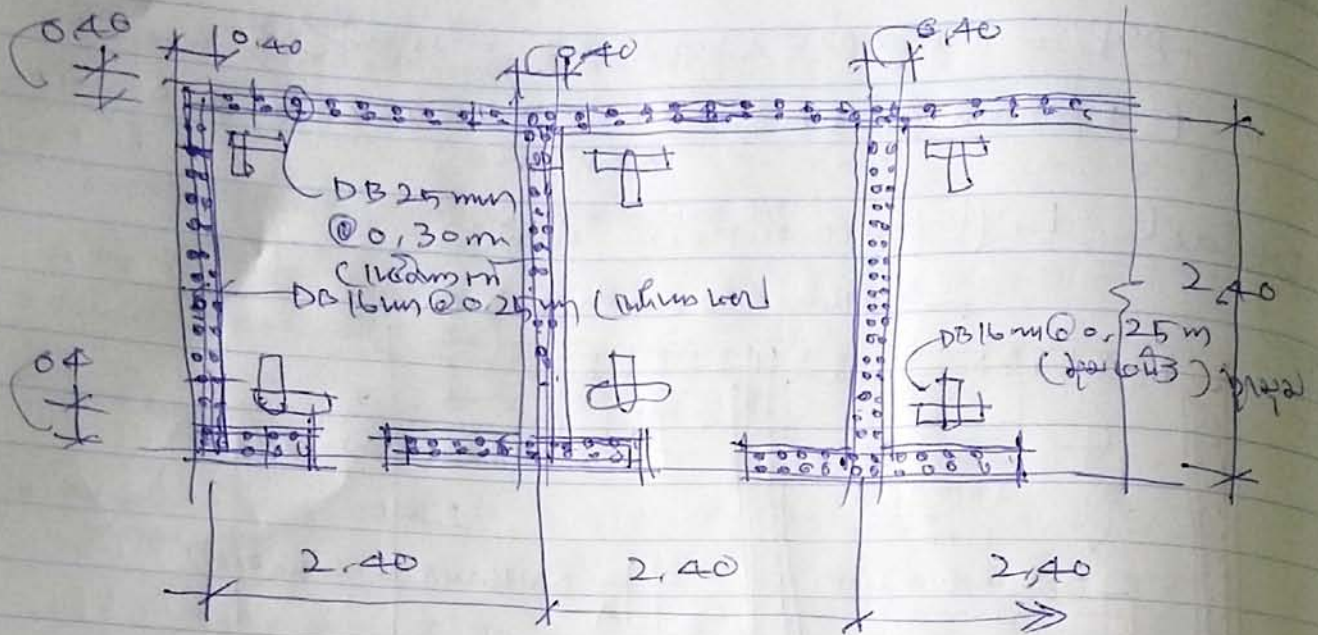
$A_{sb} = (0.0025)(2.40)(40) = 24.00 \text{ cm}^2$

• Use 12 DB 16mm ; $A_s = 2.01 \times 12 = 24.12 \text{ cm}^2/2.40\text{m}$

$A_{sb}/\text{m} = \frac{24.10}{2.40} = 10.05 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

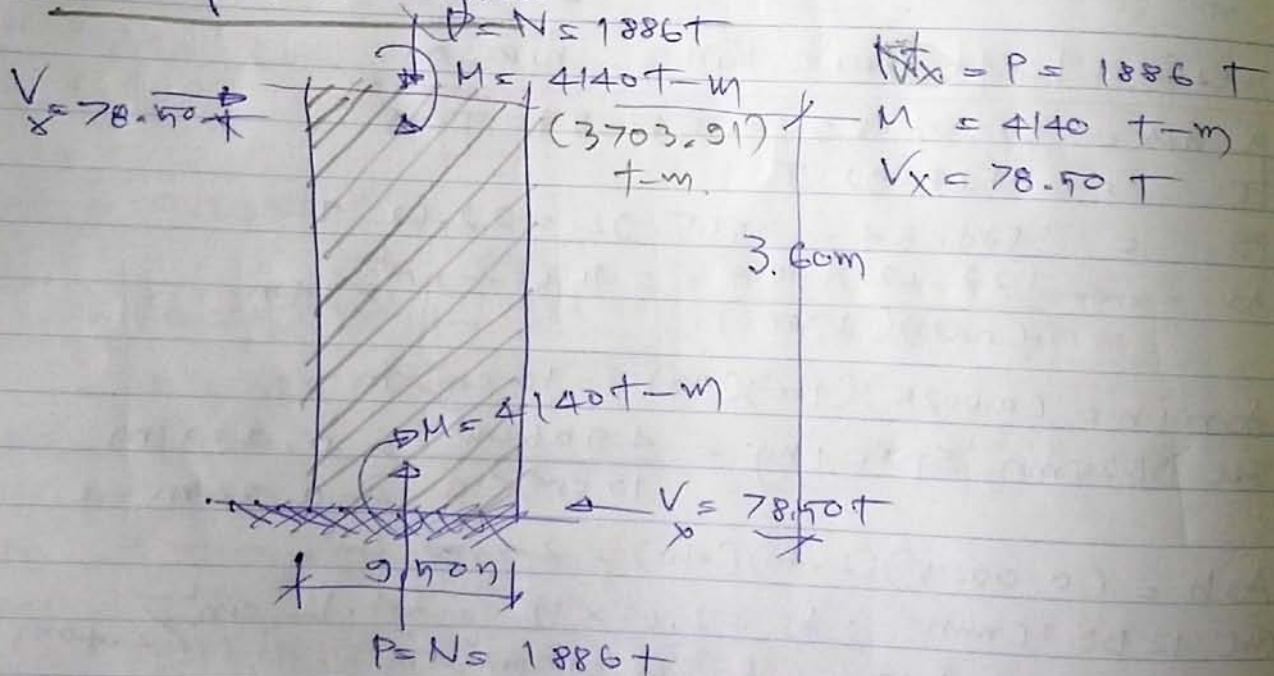
spacing DB 16mm = $\frac{2.01 \times 2.01 \text{ cm}^2}{10.05} = 0.40 \text{ m} \Rightarrow 0.25 \text{ m}$

• Detail Left core (13) - Roof

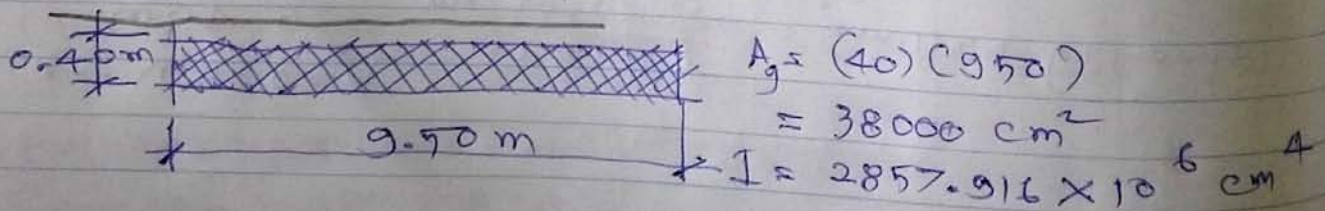


• Step 4 core analysis (Shear wall)

• Modeler Analysis



• Shear wall section



$$V_c = 0.464 \sqrt{f_c'} \left[1 + 0.057 \frac{N}{A_g} \right] \dots$$

$$= 0.464 \sqrt{(280)} \left[1 + (0.057) \frac{(1886 \times 1000)}{(38000)} \right]$$

$$= 15.192 \text{ KSC}$$

$$V_c = V_{c, \text{brd}} = (15.192)(40)(0.90 \times 950) / 1000$$

$$= 544.464 \text{ T} > 78.55 \text{ T}$$

$$M_c = \frac{(20.70)(40)(855)^2}{(100)(1000)} = 6052.877 \text{ T-m} > 4140 \text{ T-m}$$

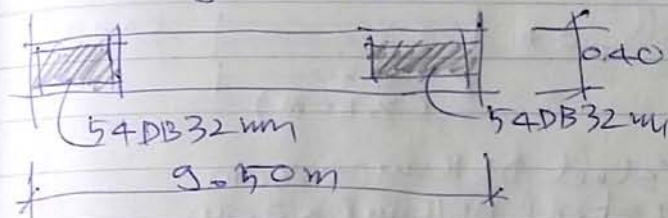
$$A_s = \frac{(4140)(1000)(100)}{(1700) [0.60 \times 950]} = 427.244 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s = \frac{(4140)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(855)} = 325.57 \text{ cm}^2$$

• OR 54 DB 32 mm ; $A_s = 54 \times 8.04 = 434.16 \text{ cm}^2$

• $A_{st} = (54 \times 2) A = 108 \times 8.04 = 868.32 \text{ cm}^2$

• $\rho_g = \frac{A_s}{A_g} = \frac{868.32}{38000} = 0.0228 < 0.004$



$$m = \frac{f_y}{(0.85)(f_c')} = \frac{4000}{(0.85)(280)} = 16.81$$

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{12} = \frac{(40)(950)^3}{12} = 2857.916 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$h = 950 \text{ cm} ; d' = 25 \text{ cm} ; h - d' = 950 - 25 = 925 \text{ cm}$$

$$e_b = (0.67 \times 0.0228 \times 16.81 + 0.17)(925) = 394.78 \text{ cm}$$

$$e_{bd} = \frac{(4140)(100)}{1886} \frac{\text{T-cm}}{\text{T}} = 219.57 \text{ cm} < 394.78 \text{ cm}$$

• $\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{F_b} \leq 1$

$$\frac{f_a}{F_a} + \frac{f_b}{F_b} \leq 1 \dots$$

• $F_a = (0.34)(1 + \rho_g \cdot m) f_c' = (0.34)(1 + 0.0228 \times 16.81) \times 280$
 $= 131.687 \text{ KSC}$

• $f_a = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{(1886)(1000)}{38000} = 49.631 \text{ ksc}$

• $f_b = (0.45)f_c' = (0.45)(280) = 126 \text{ ksc}$

• $f_b = \frac{MC}{I} = \frac{(4140)(1000)(100)(475)}{(2857.916 \times 10^6)} = 68.808 \text{ ksc}$

• $\text{Interaction } \frac{f_a}{f_a} + \frac{f_b}{f_b} = \frac{49.631}{131.687} + \frac{68.808}{126} = 0.376 + 0.546$
 $= 0.922 < 1.00 \text{ --- OK}$

• ~~125mm dia #4~~

- $V_{\text{steel}} = (0.0015)(100)(40) = 6 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

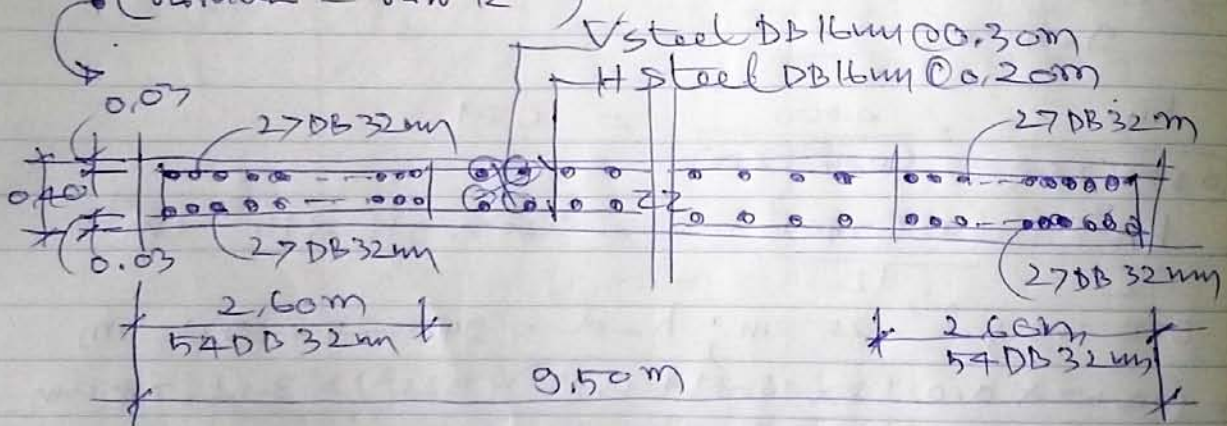
Spacing DB16mm = $\frac{2.01 \text{ cm}^2}{6 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.335 \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.30 \text{ m}$

- $H_{\text{steel}} = (0.0025)(100)(40) = 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

Spacing DB16mm = $\frac{2.01 \text{ cm}^2}{10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}} = 0.20 \text{ m} \rightarrow 0.20 \text{ m}$

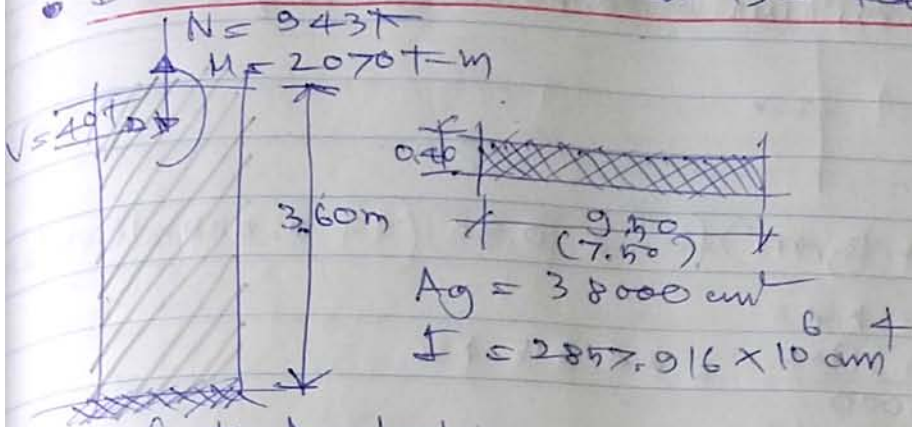
• Detail Shearwall \rightarrow 

• (Bottom - 0.510m)
 • (Bottom - 0.412m)



• Shearwall Bottom - 0.412m

Design Shear wall Run 13 - Foot



Model for Analysis

$$V_c = 0.464 \sqrt{(280) \left[1 + (0.057) \left(\frac{943 \times 1000}{38000} \right) \right]}$$

$$= 0.464 \sqrt{676.06}$$

$$= 12.064 \text{ Ksc}$$

$$V_c = V_c \cdot b \cdot d = (12.064)(40)(0.90 \times 950) / 1000$$

$$= 412.607 T > 40 T$$

$$M_c = \frac{(20.70)(40)(855)^2}{(1000)(100)} = 6052.877 T-m > 2070 T-m$$

$$A_s = \frac{(2070)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(0.60 \times 950)} = 213.622 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_s = \frac{(2070)(1000)(100)}{(1700)(0.875)(855)} = 162.75 \text{ cm}^2$$

• OR 28 DB 32 m ; $A_s = 28 \times 8.04 = 225.12 \text{ cm}^2$

• $A_{st} = 2 \times 28 \times 8.04 = 450.24 \text{ cm}^2$

• $P_g = \frac{450.24}{38000} = 0.0118 \text{ } \left((0.04) \right)$

$$m = \frac{f_y}{(0.85)f_c} = \frac{4000}{(0.85)(280)} = 16.81$$

$$I = \frac{bh^3}{12} = \frac{40 \times 950^3}{12} = 2857.916 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^4$$

$h = 950 \text{ cm}$; $d' = 25 \text{ cm}$; $h - d' = 950 - 25 = 925 \text{ cm}$

$$e_b = (0.67 \times 0.0118 \times 16.81 + 0.17)(925) = 280.18 \text{ cm}$$

$$e_{nd} = \frac{M}{P} = \frac{(2070)(100)}{943} \left(\begin{array}{c} T-cm \\ T \end{array} \right) = 219.57 \text{ cm} < 280.18 \text{ cm}$$

→ OK

• $\frac{f_a}{f_a} + \frac{f_b}{f_b} \leq 1$ ✓

• $f_a = (0.34)(1 + \rho_g m) f_c' = (0.34)(1 + 0.0118 \times 16.8)(280)$
 $= 114.084 \text{ KSE}$

• $f_a = \frac{P}{A} = \frac{(943)(1000)}{38000} = 24.815 \text{ KSE}$

• $f_b = 0.45 f_c' = (0.45)(280) = 126 \text{ KSE}$

• $f_b = \frac{M C}{I} = \frac{(2070)(1000)(100)(475)}{2857.916 \times 10^6} = 34.404 \text{ KSE}$

• $\frac{f_a}{f_a} + \frac{f_b}{f_b} = \frac{24.815}{114.084} + \frac{34.404}{126} = 0.217 + 0.273$
 $= 0.490 < 1.00 \text{ - OK}$

• Detailing

$V_{\text{steel}} = (0.0015)(100)(40) = 6 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

Use DB 16mm @ 0.30m

$H_{\text{steel}} = (0.0025)(100)(40) = 10 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}$

Use DB 16mm @ 0.20m

• Detail (Shear wall out 13 - foot)

